

Adolf Eichmann (1906 - 1962)

Head of Section IV B 4 in the Reich Security Main Office



- 1906** Born in Solingen, the son of an accountant. Moves to Austria. Trains in commerce
- 1925** Salesman and travelling sales representative in Vienna
- 1932** Joins the Nazi Party and the SS
- 1933** Moves to Germany
- 1934** Employed in Section II 112 (“Jewry”) of the SD (Security Service of the SS) Main Office in Berlin
- 1935** Marriage, four sons
- 1938** Establishes and heads the “Central Offices for Jewish Emigration” in Vienna and Prague. Participates in the so-called Göring Conference on 12 November 1938, at which the next steps in the “policy concerning Jews” are established.
- 1939** Sets up a “Jewish reservation” near the Polish village of Nisko, south-west of Lublin. Head of Section IV D 4 of the Reich Security Main Office (“Emigration and Evacuation”)
- 1941** Head of Section IV B 4 (“Jewish Affairs and Evacuation”)
- 1942** Writes the protocol of the meeting at Wannsee
- 1944** Head of the “Special Commando Eichmann” in Budapest, responsible for the deportation of 437,000 Hungarian Jews to Auschwitz and other camps
- 1945** Assumes a false identity as a corporal of the Luftwaffe (Air Force). Taken prisoner and escapes. Lives under a false name as a forestry worker near Celle
- 1950** Flees via Austria and Italy to Argentina. Lives in Buenos Aires under the pseudonym Ricardo Klement
- 1957** Interviewed by the former SS war reporter Willem Sassen
- 1960** Kidnapped by members of the Israeli secret service
- 1961** Sentenced to death by an Israeli court
- 1962** Executed

Foto: Bundesarchiv Berlin, BDC